

تم عمل هذا الإمتحان بناءاً على كتاب الطالب وكتاب التمارين وافكار وزارية على القواعد وبنك اسئلة صانعي المنهاج شركة بيرسون -- شرح الاسئلة على قناة اليوتيوب خليل أبو عواد - اللغة الانجليزية

### Q1) Reading Comprehension:

Since the dawn of time people have been using different ways of communicating at a distance. In ancient times, they used smoke signals and after writing developed, they invented more ingenious methods of delivering .messages; for example, sending a message in a bottle At the turn of the twentieth century, bottles were found which had been sent by people who were traveling on board the Titanic Happier stories have also come to light. In 1956, Ake Viking, a Swede, tossed a letter into the sea, hoping it would reach his future wife Two years later he received a letter from a Sicilian girl, Paolina, who had found his bottle and soon after they were married.

1) What is the main idea of the paragraph?

- A) The invention of smoke signals in ancient times.
- B) The use of bottles for sending messages.
- C) Different ways people have communicated at a distance throughout history.
- D) The story of Ake Viking and his wife.

2) What method did ancient people use to communicate at a distance before writing was developed?

- A) Letters in a bottle
- B) Telegraphs
- C) Smoke signals
- D) Pigeons

3) What significant event is mentioned in relation to bottles found in the twentieth century?

- A) Messages sent during World War I
- B) Bottles found on the Titanic
- C) A letter from Ake Viking
- D) Messages from the Mayflower

4) How long did it take for Ake Viking to receive a reply to his message in a bottle?

- A) A few months
- B) One year
- C) Two years
- D) Five years

5) What was the outcome of Ake Viking's message in a bottle?

- A) It was lost at sea.
- B) It was found by a scientist.
- C) It led to his marriage with Paolina.
- D) It was found by someone on the Titanic.

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According to the website Net Positive, AI can even identify children's voices. This might mean children are directed to online advertising and content that their parents would not want. However, some countries like Jordan are hoping to use AI sensibly.

UNIDO reports that many industries have worked together to create a plan for using AI in the country's development over the next five years.

Jordan is in a good position for using AI as it is at the forefront of technology. The people looking into using AI in Jordan are hoping it will help in science, investment and government services. However, there is a danger that this increased use of AI could result in problems with online safety if not controlled. Consequently, the government plan to set up regulations to address these dangers and strictly control how it is used.

1) What potential issue is mentioned regarding AI's ability to identify children's voices?

- A) It could lead to an increase in cyberbullying.
- B) It might direct children to inappropriate online advertising.
- C) It could slow down technological advancements.
- D) It might lead to higher costs for parents.

2) What role does UNIDO play in the context of AI in Jordan?

- A) It is opposing the use of AI in Jordan.
- B) It has banned AI technology in Jordan.
- C) It has helped develop a plan for AI's use in the next five years.
- D) It is providing financial support for AI research.

3) How is Jordan described in terms of its readiness for AI development?

- A) It is lagging behind other countries in technology.
- B) It is at the forefront of technology.
- C) It is hesitant to adopt AI.
- D) It lacks the necessary resources for AI development.

4) What are the main areas that AI is expected to benefit in Jordan?

- A) Education, healthcare, and law enforcement
- B) Science, investment, and government services
- C) Agriculture, tourism, and media
- D) Transportation, housing, and energy

5) What is the Jordanian government's response to the potential dangers of increased AI use?

- A) It plans to ban AI entirely.
- B) It will ignore the risks and proceed with AI implementation.
- C) It intends to set up regulations to control AI use.
- D) It will delegate the responsibility to private companies.

## **Q2) Phrasal Verbs – Idioms – Collocations**

1) We \_\_\_\_\_ right from the start. We talked all day!

- A) Carry
- B) Get across
- C) Hit it off
- D) Pass on

2) We created a \_\_\_\_\_. I felt like I'd known her for a year, not an hour.

- A) Get across
- B) Real bond
- C) Strike up
- D) Laugh

3) I don't usually like someone immediately but I really \_\_\_\_\_ him.

- A) Took to
- B) Pass on
- C) Carry
- D) Laugh

4) My grandparents are really funny. We always have a good \_\_\_\_\_.

- A) Get across
- B) Hit it off
- C) Laugh
- D) Strike up

5) It's sometimes difficult to \_\_\_\_\_ a conversation with people you don't know.

- A) Strike up
- B) Real bond
- C) Took to
- D) Pass on

6) You must \_\_\_\_\_ your ideas, so he can understand.

- A) Spell out
- B) Real bond
- C) Strike up
- D) Pass on

7) I'm a very good student, so I was really \_\_\_\_\_ when I found out I'd failed an exam.

- A) ecstatic
- B) thrilled
- C) devastated
- D) hazardous

8) I was really \_\_\_\_\_ while my friends who had passed felt like they were walking on air!

- A) livid
- B) bewildered
- C) down in the dumps
- D) thrilled

9) I genuinely felt \_\_\_\_\_ for my friends, but at the same time I was \_\_\_\_\_ as to why I hadn't passed.

- A) heartbroken; hazardous
- B) thrilled; bewildered
- C) heartbroken; ecstatic
- D) thrilled; livid

10) The interviewer was really intense, constantly trying to \_\_\_\_\_ questions at the candidate.

- A) throw
- B) fire
- C) jump
- D) insist

11) During the argument, she wouldn't back down and had to \_\_\_\_\_ having the last say.

- A) refuse
- B) insist on
- C) jump down
- D) fire

12) It was an awkward moment when he \_\_\_\_\_ on the spot with a difficult question.

- A) threw somebody
- B) insisted on putting somebody
- C) put somebody
- D) jumped down

13) She got really defensive and immediately \_\_\_\_\_ somebody's throat when they disagreed.

- A) jumped down
- B) insisted on
- C) threw
- D) refused to

14) He was so talkative that I couldn't \_\_\_\_\_ word in edgeways.

- A) put
- B) get a
- C) fire a
- D) insist on

15) The boss really \_\_\_\_\_ when he asked me to say who I thought was to blame. It was so embarrassing!

- A) insisted on having the last word
- B) refused to let something drop
- C) put me on the spot
- D) fired questions at me

16) You always \_\_\_\_\_. You just have to be the last one to speak, don't you?

- A) put somebody on the spot
- B) fire questions at someone
- C) jump down somebody's throat
- D) insist on having the last word

17) I told him I didn't want to talk about it anymore, but he \_\_\_\_\_ and wouldn't stop.

- A) refused to let something drop
- B) insisted on having the last word
- C) put me on the spot
- D) jumped down my throat

18) He just kept \_\_\_\_\_ for what seemed like ages, asking me one thing after another.

- A) refusing to let something drop
- B) firing questions at me
- C) insisting on having the last word
- D) putting me on the spot

19) When I told her I was going to be a few minutes late, she immediately \_\_\_\_\_ and got really angry!

- A) fired questions at me
- B) refused to let it drop
- C) jumped down my throat
- D) insisted on having the last word

20) She talked so much that I couldn't even \_\_\_\_\_ during the entire conversation.

- A) refuse to let something drop
- B) get a word in edgeways
- C) fire questions at her
- D) put her on the spot

21) Amina asked Huda if she and Maha managed to \_\_\_\_\_ during their evening together.

- A) strike up a conversation
- B) hit it off
- C) come across well
- D) make small talk

22 ) Huda tried to \_\_\_\_\_ by paying Maha a compliment, but she wasn't sure how it came across.

- A) hit it off
- B) make a strong bond
- C) strike up a conversation
- D) get a laugh

23) Amina reassured Huda that she likely made a \_\_\_\_\_ impression, even if she felt a bit over-enthusiastic.

- A) humorous
- B) strong
- C) favorable
- D) enthusiastic

24) Huda mentioned that they had a lot of \_\_\_\_\_ and even shared a laugh, indicating that Maha has a good sense of humor.

- A) small talk
- B) compliments
- C) impressions
- D) strong bonds

25) Amina concluded that it's unrealistic to expect to create a \_\_\_\_\_ after just one evening out and suggested that the evening went better than Huda imagined.

- A) strong bond
- B) small talk
- C) favorable impression
- D) conversation

26) whole species can \_\_\_\_\_ because of habitat loss.

- A) small talke
- B) Convey message
- C) Wiped out



### **Q3) Grammar : Present and Past Tenses -- Tag Questions**

1) Choose the correct tag question:

- A) She isn't coming, is she?
- B) She isn't coming, isn't she?
- C) She is coming, isn't she?
- D) She is coming, is she?

2) Which tag question correctly follows this sentence: "You don't like coffee,"?

- A) do you?
- B) don't you?
- C) like you?
- D) do you like?

3) Select the appropriate tag question:

- A) They have finished their work, haven't they?
- B) They have finished their work, don't they?
- C) They finish their work, have they?
- D) They finished their work, don't they?

4) Which tag question completes this sentence: "John can swim well, \_\_\_\_\_"?

- A) can he?
- B) can't he?
- C) does he?
- D) doesn't he?

5) Choose the correct tag question for: "They weren't at the party, \_\_\_\_\_"?

- A) were they?
- B) weren't they?
- C) did they?
- D) didn't they?

6) Complete the sentence with the correct tag question: "You're coming to the meeting, \_\_\_\_\_"?

- A) are you?
- B) aren't you?
- C) don't you?
- D) didn't you?

7) Select the appropriate tag question for: "She's never been to France, \_\_\_\_\_"?

- A) hasn't she?
- B) is she?
- C) has she?
- D) doesn't she?

8) Which tag question is correct: "We should leave now, \_\_\_\_\_"?

- A) should we?
- B) shouldn't we?
- C) must we?
- D) mustn't we?

9) The keyword \_\_\_\_\_ the student to answer the question, won't it?

- A) will it ?
- B) will help
- C) helps
- D) will helping

10) Joan \_\_\_\_\_ very hard lately?

- A) works
- B) is working
- C) has been working
- D) worked

11) I am going to \_\_\_\_\_ my parents because they're in town.

- A) see
- B) seeing
- C) seen
- D) saw

12) Which form of the verb correctly completes the sentence: "Mick and Tina \_\_\_\_\_ him reorganize his flat.

- A) help
- B) helped
- C) were helping
- D) helping

13) Alan \_\_\_\_\_ home at that time.

- A) drives
- B) will drive
- C) will be driving
- D) drove

14) Andrew will \_\_\_\_\_ his homework by 5 o'clock.

- A) finish
- B) finished
- C) have finished
- D) finishing

15) I'm here for the extra music lessons. I'm in the right classroom, \_\_\_\_?

- A) don't I
- B) aren't I
- C) am I

16) Could everyone sit down at the table, please? I'm \_\_\_\_ to serve the first course.

A) bound

B) likely

C) about

17) It's late. Let's call a taxi, \_\_\_\_?

A) shall we

B) will we

C) do we

18) The children didn't see the teacher enter the room because they \_\_\_\_ hard.

A) have worked

B) worked

C) were working

19) Where did you go yesterday? We \_\_\_\_\_ not go out because it was raining.

A) do

B) does

C) did

D) done

20) While he \_\_\_\_\_ the essay, the computer stopped working.

A) is typing

B) was typing

C) typing

D) typed

21) Look at them! They \_\_\_\_\_ the thieves.

A) going are to catch

B) are going to catch

C) catch are going to

D) are to catch

22) We \_\_\_\_\_ writing to you with regard to the post of English teacher.

- A) be
- B) am
- C) are
- D) was

23) My father \_\_\_\_\_ five countries so far.

- A) visits
- B) visited
- C) has visited
- D) visiting

24) He \_\_\_\_\_ for Aqaba last night.

- A) leaves
- B) left
- C) is leaving
- D) leaving

25) Look! The tree \_\_\_\_\_ down.

- A) fails
- B) fail
- C) is failing
- D) has failed

26) I arrived while he \_\_\_\_\_ the garden.

- A) waters
- B) watered
- C) is watering
- D) was watering

27) The Indians \_\_\_\_\_ spices before the Europeans came.

- A) use
- B) used
- C) were using
- D) had used

28) Watch out! That blue car \_\_\_\_\_ you.

- A) approaches
- B) is approaching
- C) approach
- D) approached

29) Water \_\_\_\_\_ of two elements, Oxygen and Hydrogen.

- A) consist
- B) consists
- C) consisting
- D) consisted

30) Listen! The secretary \_\_\_\_\_ your name now.

- A) calls
- B) is calling
- C) called
- D) call

31) \_\_\_\_\_ water evaporate at 152°C?

- A) Do
- B) Does
- C) Did
- D) Does

32) The Franks and Muslims \_\_\_\_\_ in a great battle and the Muslims wiped them out

- A) meet
- B) meets
- C) met
- D) meeting

33) My younger brother \_\_\_\_\_ last year.

- A) graduated
- B) graduates
- C) is graduating
- D) graduate

24) Listen! She \_\_\_\_\_ at the moment.

- A) sings
- B) is singing
- C) sang
- D) singing

25) He has \_\_\_\_\_ in London since the last three years.

- A) be
- B) being
- C) been
- D) being

26) Sami \_\_\_\_\_ a letter when the bell rang.

- A) writes
- B) is writing
- C) wrote
- D) was writing

27) He \_\_\_\_\_ his work since morning.

- A) finished
- B) has finished
- C) have been finishing

28) He \_\_\_\_\_ his work all day !

- A) finished
- B) had finished
- C) has been finishing

29) She \_\_\_\_\_ her homework.

- A) has already finished
- B) have already finished
- C) already finishing
- D) had already finished

30) They \_\_\_\_\_ for the train since noon.

- A) have been waiting
- B) had been waiting
- C) are waiting
- D) waited

31) By the time the party started, we \_\_\_\_\_ for hours.

- A) had been waiting
- B) have been waiting
- C) were waiting
- D) waited



31) I \_\_\_\_\_ to that new restaurant several times.

- A) have been
- B) has gone
- C) have gone
- D) had gone

32) She \_\_\_\_\_ to find a new job since she moved to the city.

- A) has been looking
- B) had been looking
- C) is looking
- D) looks

33) He \_\_\_\_\_ his homework before the class began.

- A) had finished
- B) has finished
- C) finishes
- D) finishing

34) They \_\_\_\_\_ the project for a few months before it was completed.

- A) had been working
- B) have been working
- C) were working
- D) worked

35) lately, we \_\_\_\_\_ our friends.

- A) have visited
- B) had visited
- C) are visiting
- D) visited

36) \_\_\_\_\_ at the company for ten years before she retired.”

- A) had been working
- B) has been working
- C) worked
- D) was working

37) They \_\_\_\_\_ in the park when it started to rain.

- A) had been playing
- B) have been playing
- C) were playing
- D) played

38) By the time the guests arrived, the host \_\_\_\_\_ the house completely.

- A) had cleaned
- B) has cleaned
- C) cleaned
- D) was cleaning

39) She realized she \_\_\_\_\_ the document before the meeting started.

- A) had forgotten
- B) forgot
- C) has forgotten
- D) was forgetting

## Answers

### Reading Comprehension

1. C
2. C
3. B
4. C
5. C

### Phrasal Verbs – Idioms – Collocations

1. C
2. B
3. A
4. C
5. A
6. A
7. C
8. C
9. C
10. B
11. A
12. C
13. C
14. B
15. C
16. D
17. A
18. B
19. C
20. B
21. B
22. C
23. C
24. A
25. A
26. C

### Grammar: Present and Past Tenses -- Tag Questions

1. A
2. A
3. A
4. B
5. A
6. B
7. C
8. B
9. B
10. C
11. A
12. A
13. C
14. C
15. B
16. C
17. A
18. B
19. C
20. B
21. B
22. C
23. C
24. B
25. C
26. D
27. B
28. B
29. B
30. B
31. B
32. C
33. A
34. A
35. A
36. C
37. C
38. A
39. A